Fuels Workshop on Regulatory and Non-Regulatory Fuels Activities for 2006

October 27, 2006

California Environmental Protection Agency



Agenda

- Introductions and Schedule
- California Predictive Model
 - Emissions Inventory
 - Reactivity of Evaporative Emissions
 - 2006 Draft Predictive Model Statistics
- E-85 Demonstration Program
- Presentations by Others
- Open Discussions
- Closing Remarks

Tentative Future 2006 Workshops

- November 17, 2006 from 9:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. in the Byron Sher Auditorium
 - This workshop will be webcast. All meetings will be available by conference call.
 - Next set of workshops will be scheduled based on progress

Emissions Inventory

Emissions Inventory

- ARB staff has identified an issue with the emission inventory pertaining to the hour by hour CRC E-65 SHED data.
- Staff has discovered that hydrocarbon responses used to calculate permeation values were not corrected for ethanol and MTBE.
- Permeation results with the corrected data should be ready next week

Reactivity of Evaporative Emissions

Reactivity Issues of Draft PM

- Data sets for Diurnal, Hot Soak and Exhaust obtained from in-use testing at El Monte (E6 Fuel)
- Reactivity calculated using draft MIR 2006 list
- Exhaust reactivity for summertime blends only
- Permeation reactivity from CRC E-65 study

Exhaust Reactivity

- Data sets for Exhaust obtained from in-use testing at El Monte (E6 Fuel)
- Reactivity was calculated for Bag 1 (cold start) and Bag 2 (steady state)
- Weighting was calculated based on miles driven
- 1.2 miles for Bag 1 and 8.6 miles for Bag 2

Reactivity of Evaporative Emissions (draft)

ARB In-use Data	Evap Emissions			Average		
	DL/Rest	HS	RL	Evap	Exhaust	EtOH wt%
Unweighted (no MeOH)	2.68	3.15	2.73	2.79	4.01	
Fleet weighted	2.70	3.10	2.73	2.79	3.97	
EtOH wt%	27%	33%	8%			19%
Weightings by Process	32%	18%	50%			
CRC E-65 Data				Average		
EtOH				3.29		28%
MTBE				3.47		10% мтве

2006 Draft Predictive Model

2006 Draft Predictive Model 2010 Statewide, Tech 1-5 (GVW 5,750 lbs)

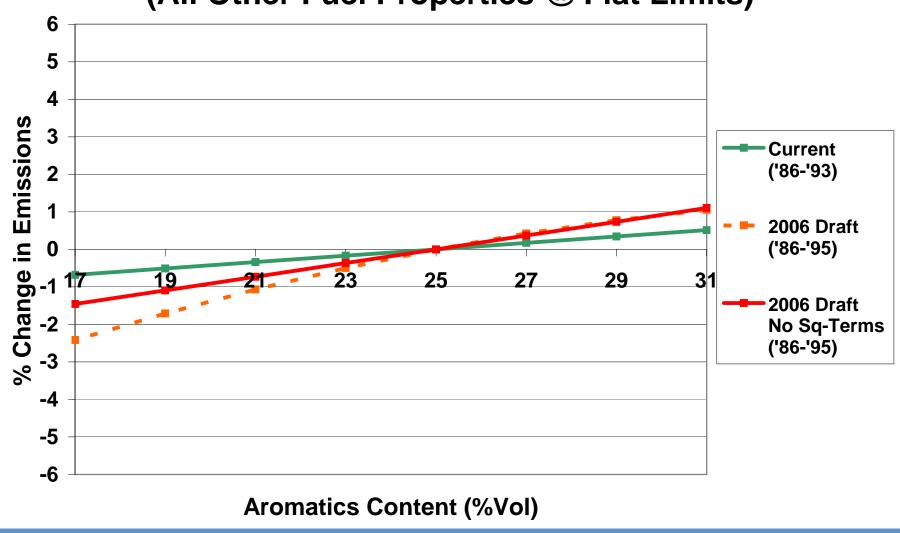
	Emission		OFP	
Pollutant	(tpd)	MIR	(tpd)	
Exh TOG	249	4.01	998	
CO	4378	0.06	263	
Evap TOG				
DI/RT	118	2.68	316	
HS	64	3.04	195	
RL	170	2.73	464	
Perm	TBD	3.29	TBD	

NOx Response to Fuel Properties

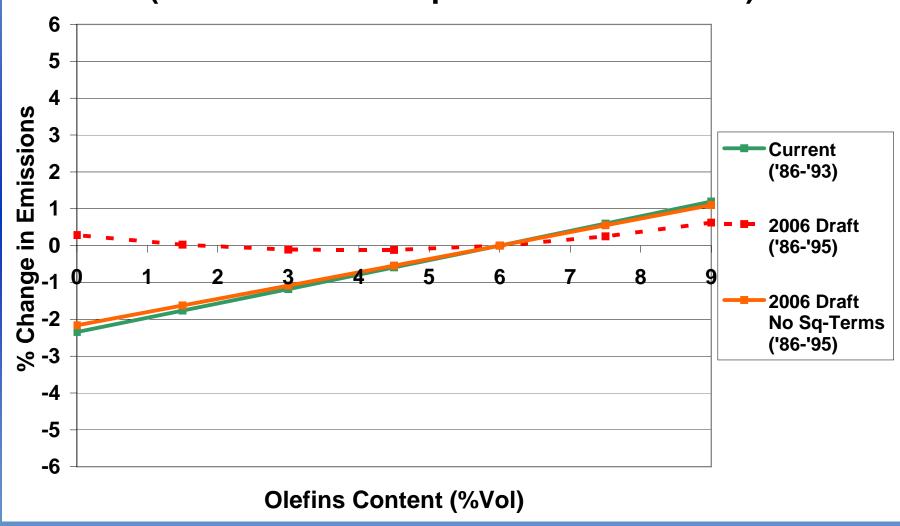
WSPA Concerns with NOx Response:

- # 1 Aromatics: slope gets steeper (vol < 25%)
- # 2 Olefins: Overall response gets flatter









Conclusion of NOX Investigation:

- The condensed database is not the culprit of NOx response
- This issue was addressed in 1999
- Linear responses will be used for aromatics and olefins

- Joint venture between ARB, Caltrans, Chevron, General Motors, Pacific Ethanol, CEC, and other state agencies
- One year program using up to 100,000 gallons E85
- The agreement was signed in December 2005
- Ethanol supplied by Pacific Ethanol
- E85 blended at Chevron's facilities in Richmond
- E85 meets ASTM D 5798-99 specifications

- 5,000 gallon above ground storage tanks and dispensers installed at Caltrans maintenance stations in Oakland and Marysville
 - Equipment supplied by Dresser Wayne, Bryant Fuel Systems, and CleanFuel USA
 - E85 compatible
 - Design reviewed and approved by State Fire Marshal
 - ARB prepared permit applications
 - Construction from July 24 to Oct 27
 - Phase I vapor recovery
 - Point of sale (POS) card system used to authorize dispensing of fuel

- 50 new flexible fuel vehicles from Caltrans fleet
 - Davis Instruments CarChips installed on 20 vehicles to record vehicle trip and engine performance data
- First fuel deliveries Oct 5-9
- Program kick-off orientations held Oct 11-12
- ARB will evaluate POS card and CarChip data
- ARB to evaluate evaporative and exhaust emissions on CaRFG and E85.

- Chevron also evaluating three different FFV compatible engine oils
- Program steering committee will meet at least quarterly to manage the program after inception
- ARB will compile end of program report





Presentations by Others

Open Discussions

Closing Remarks